

NINTH GRADE REQUIRED SUMMER READING

TEXT - Please buy the specific edition listed below (ISBN, publisher, and year).

The Odyssey by Homer translated by Emily Wilson (ISBN: 978-0393356250, Norton & Company, 2018)

[Note: Students need **only read Books 1-12** of the poem, not the introduction or notes.]

PART I: ANNOTATIONS (required but not graded. This should be done *in the book*)
Read with a pen/pencil in hand, ready to engage in conversation with the author. Do not read passively. Writing in your book is a sign of active reading.

- You should include three types of annotations:
 - 1. Identify words you don't know, look them up, and write the definitions in the text. Try to find at least 2 words per book (NB: the divisions are called books, not chapters).
 - 2. Identify key passages that highlight a particular theme or raise certain questions. The major themes are hospitality, nostalgia, and fame/glory.
 - 3. Write a 3-5 sentence summary at the end of each book.

Parts II and III will be collected and graded. Make sure the student's first and last name appear on the top page of the summer reading packet.

Write in <u>complete sentences</u> (grammar/spelling will count). You may write in <u>either cursive or print</u>, but please <u>do not type</u> your responses. Some assignments in 9th grade will be typed but not this one. You may record your answers in the space provided and/or on separate sheets of notebook paper. If so, be sure to label your responses (i.e., A1, A2, etc.) and staple all papers to the back of the summer reading packet.

Due: The first day of your section's literature class during the week of August 26-30.

If you have any questions about this assignment, feel free to email me at amarkos@genevaschooltx.org I will try my best to get back to you within one week.

Name:				
9 th GRADE SUMMER READING PACKET				
PART I: ANNOTATIONS				
Check the box once you have read and annotated books 1-12 of The Odyssey:				
PART II: CHARACTERS Write a brief description of each character and how they relate to Odysseus and/or his adventures.				
1. Odysseus:				
2. Athena:				
3. Telemachus:				
4. Penelope:				
5. Zeus:				
6. Hermes:				
7. Calypso:				
8. Poseidon:				
9. Nausicaa:				
10. Circe:				

PART III: SHORT ANSWERS Section A: Books 1-4

After reading books 1-4, answer the following questions in about 1-2 paragraphs each.

1.	Describe the situation in Ithaca. What is happening in Odysseus's palace while he is away?
2.	These first four books are mainly about Telemachus and his own journey, first to Pylos and then to Sparta. What is the purpose of his journey? What does he learn in each place? How does Telemachus grow and mature over the course of these four books?

3. The central theme in <i>The Odyssey</i> is hospitality. What does good hospitality look like? What is a good host expected to do when a stranger appears on his doorstep? How is a guest expected to act? How are the suitors an example of bad guests?
Section B: Books 5-8
After reading books 5-8, answer the following questions in about 1-2 paragraphs each.
1. How does Odysseus get off Calypso's Island? How do the gods both help and hinder his journey? Describe the land and people of Phaeacians.

How does Homer portray the Greek gods they different? Describe the relationship	
	ssing home. What does Odysseus miss most es the danger of a false homecoming. Why is or the Phaeacians? What temptations

Section C: Books 9-12

After reading books 9-12, answer the following questions in about 1-2 paragraphs each.

1.	Summarize all of Odysseus's adventures starting when he left Troy and ending with his arrival to the land of the Phaeacians. In your answer, mention where he goes and what happens there (such as how many of his men were lost, how he managed to escape, etc.). Hint: Odysseus travels to 12 different places, including the first stop (Cicones) and last stop (island of the Phaeacians).

2.	Odysseus is known for his cleverness or <i>metis</i> in Greek. During his adventures, it is usually his wit rather than his strength that saves him. Describe three examples of how Odysseus used clever tricks to escape the perils he faced on his adventures.
3.	Another major theme is <i>kleos</i> or worldly fame and glory. How does one gain <i>kleos</i> in this society? Does Homer believe <i>kleos</i> is worth pursuing? How does the desire for glory and recognition get Odysseus and his crew in trouble?